

Statement of Verification

BREG EN EPD No.: 000367

Issue 01

This is to verify that the

**Environmental Product Declaration** 

provided by:

Kingspan Insulation Ltd

is in accordance with the requirements of:

EN 15804:2012+A1:2013

and

BRE Global Scheme Document SD207

This declaration is for:

1m<sup>3</sup> of Kingspan Kooltherm Pipe Insulation

# **Company Address**

Kingspan Insulation Ltd Pembridge Herefordshire HR6 9LA







Laura Critien

lobal Ltd Operator

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Expiry Date



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# **Environmental Product Declaration**

EPD Number: 000367

## **General Information**

	I and the second se								
EPD Programme Operator	Applicable Product Category Rules								
BRE Global Watford, Herts WD25 9XX United Kingdom	BRE Environmental Profiles 2013 Product Category Rules for Type III environmental product declaration of construction products to EN 15804:2012+A1:2013								
Commissioner of LCA study	LCA consultant/Tool								
Kingspan Insulation Ltd Pembridge Herefordshire HR6 9LA	Tom Proffitt, Kingspan Insulation Ltd / BRE LINA Tool								
Declared Unit	Applicability/Coverage								
1m³ of Kingspan Kooltherm pipe insulation with a density of 58.52 kg/m³	Product specific.								
EPD Type	Background database								
Cradle to Gate with options	Ecoinvent 3.2								
Demonstra	ation of Verification								
CEN standard EN 15	5804 serves as the core PCR <sup>a</sup>								
Independent verification of the declara	Independent verification of the declaration and data according to EN ISO 14025:2010  □ Internal □ External								
(Where appropriate <sup>b</sup> )Third party verifier: Nigel Jones									
a: Product category rules b: Optional for business-to-business communication; mandatory for business-to-consumer communication (see EN ISO 14025:2010, 9.4)									

## Comparability

Environmental product declarations from different programmes may not be comparable if not compliant with EN 15804:2012+A1:2013. Comparability is further dependent on the specific product category rules, system boundaries and allocations, and background data sources. See Clause 5.3 of EN 15804:2012+A1:2013 for further guidance



### Information modules covered

	Produc		Const	ruction		Use stage					End-of-life			Benefits and loads beyond													
	Produc		Const	ruction	Rel	ated to	the bui	lding fa	bric	Related to the building												Related to		Liiu-oi-iiie			the system boundary
<b>A</b> 1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D											
Raw materials supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport to site	Construction – Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse, Recovery and/or Recycling potential											
$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	$\square$	$\square$	$\square$	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$									$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	$\square$	$\square$												

Note: Ticks indicate the Information Modules declared.

## **Manufacturing site(s)**

# **Construction Product**

# **Product Description**

Kingspan Kooltherm pipe insulation is a premium performance rigid thermoset fibre free phenolic insulation core faced on the outside with a low emissivity foil outer face.

Product information is available at www.kingspantechnicalinsulation.co.uk

## **Technical Information**

Property	Value, Unit
Thermal Conductivity - EN 12667:2001	0.025 W/m.K
Nominal Density	37 - 120 kg/m³
Closed Cell Content – EN ISO 4950 Method 1	≥ 90 %
Maximum Service Temperature	110 °C
Minimum Service Temperature	-50 °C
Reaction to fire – EN 13501-1	B/B <sub>L</sub> - s1, d0
Minimum Compressive Strength at +23°C (Parallel)– EN 826 / ASTM D 1621	150 – 1000 kPa
Minimum Compressive Strength at +23°C (Perpendicular)– EN 826 / ASTM D 1621	100 – 800 kPa
FM Approval – Class 4924	FM approval per Approval Standard 4924 where manufactured and installed in accordance with the details of the FM Approval. Please contact Kingspan Technical Insulation





#### **Main Product Contents**

Material/Chemical Input	%
Rigid thermoset fibre free phenolic insulation core	86.1%
Low emissivity foil facer	13.9%

<sup>\*</sup>Average percentages applicable for 1m of insulation at thickness that gives a U-value of 0.025 m2K/W

## **Manufacturing Process**

Kingspan Kooltherm Pipe Insulation is made through two different manufacturing process: CPL and CNC.

Kingspan Kooltherm Pipe Insulation manufactured through CPL process:

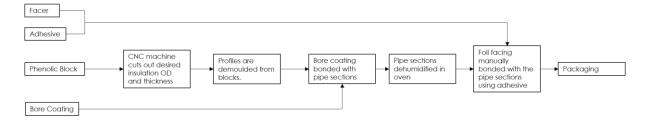
The foam forms an insulating core between two facing elements. At the start of the process a mix of chemicals is added directly to the outer layer (aluminum foil) of facing and then expands to meet the inner layer of facing (inner bore liner). As it cures, the foam becomes tacky and adheres itself to the facing, top and bottom. Once it has reached the necessary thickness the foam is cured under pressure. It is then cut to length, packed into boxes and moved onto a secondary oven finish curing process, becoming pink/red in colour. After final QC control the boxes are sealed and moved into warehouse for storage and later distribution to customers.

Kingspan Kooltherm Pipe Insulation manufactured through the CNC process:

Blocks of phenolic foam are placed into a computerised cutting machine and programmed with the insulation OD and thickness requirements. The sections are then bore coated and then manually glued to the foil facing.

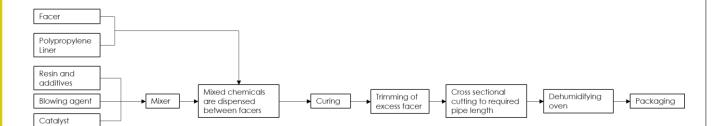
## **Process flow diagram**

#### Kingspan Kooltherm Pipe Insulation CNC manufacturing process





#### Kingspan Kooltherm Pipe Insulation CPL manufacturing process



#### **Construction Installation**

The product will be installed on building services pipework and equipment applications using standard construction techniques.

#### **Use Information**

The product will be left alone after installations, and there are no known associated environmental impacts.

#### **End of Life**

The insulation will be removed for disposal when the building reaches the end of its life.

# **Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules**

## **Declared unit description**

1m³ of Kingspan Kooltherm pipe insulation with a density of 58.52 kg/m³. Corresponding conversion factors are listed in the table below

Name	Value	Unit
Declared unit	1	m³
Gross density	58.25	Kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Conversion factor to 1kg	1.718e <sup>-2</sup>	-

Conversion factors to one linear meter of Kooltherm pipe insulation at specific OD and thicknesses please use the table found within the annex. To convert the EPD results please use the following calculation methodology:

Environmental indicator life cycle result x Conversion factor

E.g. The calculation for GWP of A1-3 for one linear meter of Kooltherm pipe insulation with a thickness of 15mm and an OD of 15mm would be as follows:  $219 \times 0.0013 = 0.2847 \text{ kg CO}_2 \text{ eq}$ 

#### System boundary

Cradle to gate with options: Modules A1-3, A4, A5, C2, C3 and C4.

The following processes are included in the A1-A3 production stage of Kooltherm: Manufacture of preliminary products (resin, blowing agent, additives). Transportation of raw materials and preliminary products to the manufacturing site. Manufacturing process on the production site including, energy, disposal of residual materials, water consumption and VOC emissions to air.



The following process is included within the A4 construction stage: Transportation of the product to the construction site. Data has been allocated by using the average distance travelled for each delivery (240.36km).

The following processes are included in the A5 construction stage of Kooltherm: installation wastage rate, material wastes produced by installation. Installation of Kingspan Kooltherm Pipe Insulation is done by hand. There is almost no production of waste during installation of the product. An assumption that an installation wastage rate of 2% will be taken due to cutting of Kooltherm Pipe Insulation to for specific areas of pipework. This waste is also assumed to go to landfill.

The following processes and assumptions included within life cycle module C2: The product travels from the installation site back to either the manufacturing site or to a recycling / waste to energy site. The distance to the manufacturing site would be the furthest distance to travel so using the same assumptions as transport from manufacturing site to installation site.

The following processes and assumptions included within modules C3 and C4: Processing of Kingspan Kooltherm pipe insulation to allow energy recovery from waste is inclusive of the energy required to briquette the Kingspan Kooltherm pipe insulation. UK statistics on waste report that the recovery rate from non-hazardous construction and demolition waste is approximately 91% as of 2016. It is assumed that all of the 91% waste recovered will go to energy recovery from waste, the remaining 9% will go to landfill.

## Data sources, quality and allocation

This covers all Kooltherm Pipe Insulation manufactured at the Glossop manufacturing site, representing 100% of production of these products in 2018 and the total m³ production output of Kooltherm foam is 79% of the total site output at the Glossop.

In accordance with EN 15804, the most current available data was used to calculate the EPD. Manufacturer specific data from Kingspan Technical Insulation covers a production period of 12 months (01/01/2018 to 31/12/2018). The profile created within this document includes data for the following sections: 'ancillary materials', 'packaging', 'fuel/energy', 'water', 'emissions to air, water and soil', 'production waste, 'other waste' and 'water discharged'. Allocation of these factors to the product assessed within this document was achieved by using the proportion of the total site output (79%) used in manufacturing the Kooltherm Pipe Insulation.

Secondary data has been drawn from the BRE LINA database v2.0.82 and the background LCI datasets are based on ecoinvent v3.2.

#### **Cut-off criteria**

No inputs or outputs have been excluded. All raw materials, packaging materials, associated transport to the manufacturing site, and from the manufacturing site to the building site, process energy, water use, direct production waste, installations waste and emissions are included.



### **LCA Results**

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters	describing e	enviro	nmental	impacts					
			GWP	ODP	AP	EP	POCP	ADPE	ADPF
			kg CO₂ equiv.	kg CFC 11 equiv.	kg SO <sub>2</sub> equiv.	kg (PO₄)³- equiv.	kg C₂H₄ equiv.	kg Sb equiv.	MJ, net calorific value.
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
1 Toduct Stage	Manufacturing	А3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	2.19e+2	2.16e-5	1.29e+0	3.82e-1	1.71e-1	4.06e-3	5.34e+3
Construction	Transport	A4	1.28e+0	2.44e-7	4.40e-3	1.16e-3	9.09e-4	2.15e-6	2.00e+1
process stage	Construction	A5	4.43e+0	4.49e-7	2.60e-2	7.71e-3	3.46e-3	8.19e-5	1.08e+2
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
End of life	Transport	C2	1.28e+0	2.44e-7	4.40e-3	1.16e-3	9.09e-4	2.15e-6	2.00e+1
LING OF INC	Waste processing	C3	4.41e-7	2.85e-14	2.39e-9	5.48e-10	1.36e-10	5.32e-13	6.79e-6
	Disposal	C4	5.34e-2	1.41e-8	3.74e-4	1.23e-4	6.21e-5	7.58e-8	1.31e+0
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND

GWP = Global Warming Potential; ODP = Ozone Depletion Potential;

AP = Acidification Potential for Soil and Water; EP = Eutrophication Potential;

POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric Ozone; ADPE = Abiotic Depletion Potential – Elements;

ADPF = Abiotic Depletion Potential – Fossil Fuels;



Parameters	describing r	esour	ce use, pri	imary ener	gy			
			PERE	PERM	PERT	PENRE	PENRM	PENRT
			MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Droduot otogo	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Manufacturing	А3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	5.85e+2	2.23e-2	5.85e+2	2.75e+3	2.59e+3	5.34e+3
Construction	Transport	A4	3.02e-1	7.54e-7	3.02e-1	1.99e+1	0.00e+0	1.99e+1
process stage	Construction	A5	1.18e+1	4.46e-1	1.18e+1	1.06e+2	0.00e+0	1.06e+2
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
and of life	Transport	C2	3.02e-1	7.54e-7	3.02e-1	1.99e+1	0.00e+0	1.99e+1
End of life	Waste processing	СЗ	5.86e-7	1.06e-12	5.86e-7	9.04e-6	0.00e+0	9.04e-6
	Disposal	C4	4.00e-2	1.10e-7	4.00e-2	1.32e+0	0.00e+0	1.32e+0
Potential penefits and coads beyond the system coundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy used as raw materials;

PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources;

PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resource



Parameters describing resource use, secondary materials and fuels, use of water										
			SM	RSF	NRSF	FW				
			kg	MJ net calorific value	MJ net calorific value	m³				
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG				
Draduat atoma	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG				
Product stage	Manufacturing	А3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG				
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	6.19e+0				
Construction process stage	Transport	A4	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	4.64e-3				
	Construction	A5	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	1.25e-1				
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND				
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Operational water use	В7	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	MND	MND	MND	MND				
To d of 116 -	Transport	C2	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	4.64e-3				
End of life	Waste processing	С3	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	1.81e-9				
	Disposal	C4	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	1.48e-3				
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	MND	MND	MND	MND				

SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels;

NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water



Other enviro	nmental info	matic	n describing waste cate	egories	
			HWD	NHWD	RWD
			kg	kg	kg
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG
Draduat atoma	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Manufacturing	А3	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	1.32e+1	1.72e+1	9.22e-3
Construction	Transport	A4	7.51e-3	1.71e+0	1.39e-4
process stage	Construction	A5	2.64e-1	1.55e+0	1.90e-4
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstructio n, demolition	C1	MND	MND	MND
End of life	Transport	C2	7.51e-3	1.71e+0	1.39e-4
LIIU OI IIIE	Waste processing	C3	1.03e-9	1.10e-8	4.98e-11
	Disposal	C4	9.87e-4	5.17e+0	8.11e-6
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	MND	MND	MND

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed



Other enviro	nmental inforn	nation	describing outpu	ıt flows – at end	of life	
			CRU	MFR	MER	EE
			kg	kg	kg	MJ per energy carrier
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Droduct stogs	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Manufacturing	А3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	7.24e-1	5.45e-1	1.93e+1	0.00e+0
Construction process stage	Transport	A4	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0
	Construction	A5	1.45e-2	4.74e+0	3.86e-1	0.00e+0
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	В6	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	В7	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	MND	MND	MND	MND
End of Pro	Transport	C2	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0
End of life	Waste processing	СЗ	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	5.22e+1	0.00e+0
	Disposal	C4	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	MND	MND	MND	MND

CRU = Components for reuse; MFR = Materials for recycling MER = Materials for energy recovery; EE = Exported Energy



# **Scenarios and additional technical information**

Scenarios and additional technical information										
Scenario	Parameter	Units	Results							
	Description of scenario									
A4 – Transport to the	Fuel type / Vehicle type	Litre of fuel type per distance or vehicle type	Lorry >32 metric tons							
building site	Distance:	km	240.36							
	Bulk density of transported products	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	58.52							
	Capacity utilisation	%	89							
A5 – Installation in the building	Description of scenario									
	Installation wastage rate	% of product	2							
	Installation waste sent to landfill	kg	1.17							
	Installation waste sent to recycling (packaging)	kg	4.485							
C1 to C4 End of life,	Description of scenario									
	Transport type	Vehicle type	Lorry >32 metric tons							
	Distance	km	240.36							
	Crushing and compacting of waste into briquettes	MJ	2.64e-6							
	Waste incinerated for energy recovery	kg	52.19							
	Landfilled waste	kg	5.16							



# **Annex**

Conversion	factor for					sulation	at differi	ng OD			
Pipe OD	and insulation thicknesses  Insulation thickness (mm)										
(mm)	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50			
15	0.0013	0.0019	0.0027	0.0036	0.0046	0.0057	0.0069	0.0083			
17	0.0013	0.0019	0.0027	0.0037	0.0040	0.0057	0.0009	0.0085			
18	0.0014	0.0020	0.0020	0.0037	0.0047	0.0060	0.0071	0.0086			
21	0.0014	0.0021	0.0023	0.0030	0.0040	0.0063	0.0072	0.0090			
25	0.0013	0.0025	0.0031	0.0040	0.0054	0.0067	0.0070	0.0095			
27	0.0017	0.0025	0.0035	0.0045	0.0054	0.0069	0.0082	0.0097			
28	0.0018	0.0026	0.0035	0.0046	0.0057	0.0070	0.0084	0.0099			
34	0.0010	0.0020	0.0039	0.0050	0.0062	0.0076	0.0090	0.0106			
42	0.0021	0.0023	0.0033	0.0056	0.0069	0.0076	0.0090	0.0100			
48	0.0024	0.0037	0.0044	0.0061	0.0005	0.0090	0.0106	0.0113			
54	0.0020	0.0040	0.0052	0.0065	0.0073	0.0096	0.0112	0.0123			
60	0.0023	0.0043	0.0056	0.0070	0.0085	0.0102	0.0112	0.0131			
67	0.0031	0.0045	0.0060	0.0075	0.0003	0.0102	0.0113	0.0130			
70	0.0035	0.0048	0.0062	0.0073	0.0094	0.0112	0.0127	0.0150			
76	0.0038	0.0051	0.0066	0.0082	0.0099	0.0112	0.0137	0.0158			
80	0.0039	0.0053	0.0069	0.0085	0.0103	0.0117	0.0141	0.0163			
84	0.0041	0.0055	0.0071	0.0088	0.0106	0.0125	0.0146	0.0168			
89	0.0043	0.0058	0.0074	0.0092	0.0111	0.0130	0.0151	0.0174			
93	0.0044	0.0060	0.0077	0.0095	0.0114	0.0134	0.0156	0.0179			
102	0.0048	0.0065	0.0083	0.0102	0.0122	0.0143	0.0166	0.0190			
108	0.0051	0.0068	0.0087	0.0106	0.0127	0.0149	0.0173	0.0197			
114	0.0053	0.0071	0.0090	0.0111	0.0132	0.0155	0.0179	0.0204			
127	0.0058	0.0078	0.0099	0.0121	0.0144	0.0168	0.0194	0.0221			
129	0.0059	0.0079	0.0100	0.0122	0.0146	0.0170	0.0196	0.0223			
133	0.0061	0.0081	0.0103	0.0125	0.0149	0.0174	0.0200	0.0228			
139	0.0063	0.0084	0.0106	0.0130	0.0154	0.0180	0.0207	0.0235			
154	0.0069	0.0092	0.0116	0.0141	0.0168	0.0195	0.0224	0.0254			
159	0.0071	0.0095	0.0119	0.0145	0.0172	0.0200	0.0229	0.0260			
168	0.0075	0.0099	0.0125	0.0152	0.0180	0.0209	0.0239	0.0271			
194	0.0085	0.0113	0.0142	0.0172	0.0203	0.0235	0.0268	0.0303			
204	0.0089	0.0118	0.0148	0.0179	0.0211	0.0245	0.0280	0.0315			
219	0.0095	0.0126	0.0158	0.0191	0.0225	0.0260	0.0296	0.0334			
245	0.0106	0.0140	0.0174	0.0210	0.0247	0.0286	0.0325	0.0366			



255	0.0110	0.0145	0.0181	0.0218	0.0256	0.0296	0.0336	0.0378
273	0.0117	0.0154	0.0192	0.0232	0.0272	0.0314	0.0356	0.0400
298	0.0127	0.0167	0.0208	0.0250	0.0294	0.0338	0.0384	0.0431
324	0.0138	0.0181	0.0225	0.0270	0.0317	0.0364	0.0413	0.0463
356	0.0151	0.0198	0.0245	0.0295	0.0345	0.0396	0.0449	0.0503
406	0.0171	0.0224	0.0278	0.0332	0.0389	0.0446	0.0504	0.0564
457	0.0192	0.0250	0.0310	0.0371	0.0433	0.0497	0.0561	0.0627
508	0.0212	0.0277	0.0343	0.0410	0.0478	0.0547	0.0618	0.0690
610	0.0254	0.0330	0.0408	0.0487	0.0568	0.0649	0.0732	0.0815

Conversion factors have been calculated using the relevant finished pipe section weights using the following formula: Actual weight of specific pipe section (1 m) / weight of declared unit



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